1. Problem 2 page 396 of text. The $R$ is as defined in problem 1 on this page, and as discussed in class.
2. Problem 1, page 403 of text.
3.Problem 3, page 403. (Set $x_{1}=-1, x_{2}=-a$ etc.)
4.Problem 4, page 403.
3. Problem 5, page 404
4. (a) Based on the discussion in class, show that the mapping shown in the figure is given by

$$
w=A^{\prime} \int_{0}^{z} \frac{s^{2 \alpha / \pi}}{\left(1-s^{2}\right)^{\alpha / \pi}} d s+a i
$$

where

$$
A^{\prime}=\frac{2(b-a i)}{B(\alpha / \pi+1 / 2,1-\alpha / \pi)}
$$

Here $B(p, q)=\int_{0}^{1} t^{p-1}(1-t)^{q-1} d t$.
(b) Determine the mapping function in the limit $b \rightarrow 0, a>0$ fixed.
(c) Use the result of (b) to find the complex potential $\phi+i \psi=W(w)$ for the uniform flow past a rigid fence $u=0,0 \leq v \leq a$ in the $w$-plane, such that the velocity at $w=\infty$ is $(\mathrm{U}, 0)$. Note that here the $w$-plane is now the physical plane. Consider the image of the complex potential $W=U a z$ in the $z$-plane. (Unfortunately the notation now involves $w$ and $W$ with different meanings. You might prefer to rename the $w$-lane as the $\zeta$-plane for part (c), and restrict $w$ to complex potential.) You do not have to give $\phi, \psi$ explicitly as functions of $u, v$.

> (z)


