Problem set 8 - Due 04/23/2012Functional analysis - spring 2012

1) Suppose λ is an isolated point of $\sigma(A)$, $A \in B(X)$ and f(z) is analytic in a neighborhood of λ . If f(A) = 0 show that f(z) has a zero at λ .

2) Suppose $A \in B(X)$ and $\sigma(A)$ is contained in the half plan $\operatorname{Re}(z) > \delta > 0$. Let Γ be a simple closed curve in $\operatorname{Re}(z) > \delta$ containing $\sigma(A)$ in its interior. Consider

$$T = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\Gamma} z^{1/2} (z - A)^{-1} dz.$$

Show that T is well defined and that $T^2 = A$. What is $\sigma(T)$.

3) Suppose $A, B \in B(X)$ and $0 \in \rho(A)$, $||A - B|| < 1/||A^{-1}||$. Show that $0 \in \rho(B)$ and

$$\|B^{-1}\| \leq \frac{\|A^{-1}\|}{1-\|A^{-1}\|.\|A-B\|}$$

4) Let A be linear with D(A) dense in X. If $B \in B(Y,Z)$, show that (BA)' = A'B'.

5) Let A be an unbounded operator from X to Y with domain D(A) which is injective. Consider the following additional properties

a) A is a closed operator b) R(A) is dense c) R(A) is closed d) there exists C such that for all $x \in D(A)$, $||Ax|| \ge C||x||$ Prove that a), b) and c) imply d) Prove that b), c) and d) imply a) Prove that a) and d) imply c).

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